## REPLACEMENT CLAIMS

1. (cancelled) A method for debugging of analog and mixed-signal behavioral models in simulation, said method comprising the steps of:

performing a regular iterative equation solution process; and performing a replay of the last iteration of an accepted timepoint;

wherein a user only gets to interact with the simulation during said iteration replay.

2. (cancelled) A method for debugging of analog and mixed-signal behavioral models in simulation, said method comprising the steps of:

performing a standard transient analysis algorithm, wherein Newton-Raphson iteration is generally followed; and

performing a replay of the last Newton-Raphson iteration of an accepted timepoint;

wherein a user is allowed to interact with the simulation during said replay only.

- 3. (currently amended) The method of Claim 2 28, wherein the user may interactively debug a behavioral model by single stepping through the simulation.
- 4. (currently amended) The method of Claim 2 28, wherein the user may interactively debug a behavioral model when a statement breakpoint is triggered in the simulation.
- 5. (currently amended) The method of Claim 2 28, wherein the user may interactively debug a behavioral model when an object value change breakpoint is triggered in the simulation.

- 6. (currently amended) The method of Claim 2 28, wherein the user may interactively debug a behavioral model when a write access breakpoint is triggered in the simulation.
- 7. (currently amended) A method for debugging of signal behavioral models, comprising the steps of:
  - (1) setting a trial time to start a transient analysis algorithm;
  - (2) initializing Newton-Raphson iteration;
  - (3) linearizing about the previous iteration;
  - (4) choosing a model instance;
  - (5) choosing a sequential statement;
  - (6) executing said sequential statement;
  - (7) testing whether said sequential statement is the last statement;
- (8) switching to a next statement and going to step (6) if the result of step (7) is false;
- (9) adding contributions to matrix A and vector b of a matrix equation Ax=b if the result of step (7) is true;
  - (10) testing whether said model is the last model;
  - (11) switching to a next model and going to step (5) if the result of step (10) is false;
    - (12) solving said matrix equation Ax=b if the result of step (10) is true;
    - (13) testing whether the solution of said matrix equation Ax=b converges;
  - (14) moving to a next iteration and going to step (3) if the result of step (13) is false;
  - (15) testing whether the trial timepoint is acceptable if the result of step (13) is true;
  - (16) rejecting said trial timepoint, choosing an alternate timepoint, and moving to step (2) if the result of step (15) is false;
  - (17) testing whether debugging is needed if the trial timepoint is accepted at step (15);

- (18) testing whether said alternate timepoint is the last time point if the result of step (17) is false;
- (19) moving to a next timepoint and moving to step (2) if the result of step (18) is false; and
  - (20) finishing said algorithm if the result of step (18) is true; and

wherein the last Newton-Raphson iteration of said accepted timepoint is replayed if the result of step (17) is true; and

wherein said replay of the last Newton-Raphson iteration comprises the steps of:

- (21) choosing model instance;
- (22) choosing sequential statement;
- (23) testing whether the user is debugging by single stepping through the simulation or a statement breakpoint is encountered at said sequential statement;
- (24) going interactive and then moving to step (25) if the result of step (23) is true;
- (25) executing said sequential statement if the result of step (23) is false or preceded by step (24);
- (26) testing whether a value change breakpoint or a write access breakpoint has occurred on an object of interest to the user;
- (27) going interactive and then moving to step (28) if the result of step (26) is true;
- (28) testing whether said sequential statement is the last statement if the result of step (26) is false or preceded by step (27);
- (29) moving to a next statement and moving to step (23) if the result of step (28) is false;
  - (30) testing whether said model is the last model;
- (31) moving to a next model and moving to step (22) if the result of step (30) is false;
  - (32) moving to step (18) if the result of step (30) is true.

- 8. (original) The method of Claim 7 is implemented on a simulator for solving systems of non-linear equations which can be represented by behavioral models.
- 9. (original) The method of Claim 7 is implemented on an analog circuit simulator.
- 10. (original) The method of Claim 7 is implemented on a mixed-signal simulator which comprises at least one digital simulation engine and at least one analog simulation engine.
- 11. (original) The method of Claim 7 is implemented on a partitioned and multirated analog circuit simulator.
- 12. (original) The method of Claim 7 is implemented on a mixed-signal simulator which comprises at least one digital simulation engine and at least one partitioned and multi-rated analog simulation engine.
- 13. (cancelled) A computer usable medium containing instructions in computer readable form for carrying out a process for debugging of signal behavioral models in simulation, wherein said process comprises the steps of:

performing a regular iterative equation solution process; and performing a replay of the last iteration of an accepted timepoint; wherein a user only gets to interact with the simulation during said iteration replay.

14. (cancelled) A computer usable medium containing instructions in computer readable form for carrying out a process for debugging of analog and mixed-signal behavioral models in simulation, wherein said process comprises the steps of:

performing a standard transient analysis algorithm, wherein Newton-Raphson iteration is generally followed; and

performing a replay of the last Newton-Raphson iteration of an accepted timepoint;

wherein a user is allowed to interact with the simulation during said replay only.

- 15. (currently amended) The computer usable medium of Claim 44 30, wherein the user may interactively debug a behavioral model by single stepping through the simulation.
- 16. (currently amended) The computer usable medium of Claim 14 30, wherein the user may interactively debug a behavioral model when a statement breakpoint is triggered in the simulation.
- 17. (currently amended) The computer usable medium of Claim 44 30, wherein the user may interactively debug a behavioral model when an object value change breakpoint is triggered in the simulation.
- 18. (currently amended) The computer usable medium of Claim 44 30, wherein the user may interactively debug a behavioral model when a write access breakpoint is triggered in the simulation.
- 19. (currently amended) The computer usable medium of Claim 14 30, wherein said instructions in a computer readable form may be downloaded from a website over the Internet.
- 20. (currently amended) A computer usable medium containing instructions in computer readable form for carrying out a process for debugging of signal behavioral models, wherein said process comprises the steps of:
  - (1) setting a trial time to start a transient analysis algorithm;
  - (2) initializing Newton-Raphson iteration;

- (3) linearizing about the previous iteration;
- (4) choosing a model instance;
- (5) choosing <u>a sequential statement;</u>
- (6) executing said sequential statement;
- (7) testing whether said sequential statement is the last statement;
- (8) switching to a next statement and going to step (6) if the result of step (7) is false;
- (9) adding contributions to matrix A and vector b of a matrix equation Ax=b if the result of step (7) is true;
  - (10) testing whether said model is the last model;
- (11) switching to a next model and going to step (5) if the result of step (10) is false;
  - (12) solving said matrix equation Ax=b if the result of step (10) is true;
  - (13) testing whether the solution of said matrix equation Ax=b converges;
- (14) moving to a next iteration and going to step (3) if the result of step (13) is false;
- (15) testing whether the trial timepoint is acceptable if the result of step (13) is true;
- (16) rejecting said trial timepoint, choosing an alternate timepoint, and moving to step (2) if the result of step (15) is false;
- (17) testing whether debugging is needed if the trial timepoint is accepted at step (15);
- (18) testing whether said alternate timepoint is the last time point if the result of step (17) is false;
- (19) moving to a next timepoint and moving to step (2) if the result of step (18) is false; and
  - (20) finishing said algorithm if the result of step (18) is true; and

wherein the last Newton-Raphson iteration of said accepted timepoint is replayed if the result of step (17) is true; and

wherein said replay of the last Newton-Raphson iteration comprises the steps of:

- (21) choosing model instance;
- (22) choosing sequential statement;
- (23) testing whether the user is debugging by single stepping through the simulation or a statement breakpoint is encountered at said sequential statement;
- (24) going interactive and then moving to step (25) if the result of step (23) is true:
- (25) executing said sequential statement if the result of step (23) is false or preceded by step (24);
- (26) testing whether a value change breakpoint or a write access breakpoint has occurred on an object of interest to the user;
- (27) going interactive and then moving to step (28) if the result of step (26) is true:
- (28) testing whether said sequential statement is the last statement if the result of step (26) is false or preceded by step (27);
- (29) moving to a next statement and moving to step (23) if the result of step (28) is false;
  - (30) testing whether said model is the last model;
- (31) moving to a next model and moving to step (22) if the result of step (30) is false;
  - (32) moving to step (18) if the result of step (30) is true.
- 21. (original) The computer usable medium of Claim 20, wherein said process is implemented on a simulator for solving systems of non-linear equations which can be represented by behavioral models.
- 22. (original) The computer usable medium of Claim 20, wherein said process is implemented on an analog circuit simulator.

- 23. (original) The computer usable medium of Claim 20, wherein said process is implemented on a mixed-signal simulator which comprises at least one digital simulation engine and at least one analog simulation engine.
- 24. (original) The computer usable medium of Claim 20, wherein said process is implemented on a partitioned and multi-rated analog circuit simulator.
- 25. (original) The computer usable medium of Claim 20, wherein said process is implemented on a mixed-signal simulator which comprises at least one digital simulation engine and at least one partitioned and multi-rated analog simulation engine.
- 26. (original) The computer usable medium of Claim 20, wherein said instructions in a computer readable form may be downloaded from a website over the Internet.
- 27. (new) A method for linear debugging analog and mixed signal behaviorial matters of circuit designs, said method comprising the steps of:

extending a simulator based on a transient analysis, time advancement algorithm coupled with a non ordinary differential equation iterative solver;

performing interactive model behavior verification in which said transient analysis and iterative solver algorithms are used to derive acceptable timepoints; and

enabling single step execution and debug breakpoints via interactive replay of a last iteration of said iterative solver said breakpoints

performing an interactive model behavior verification in which said transient analysis and iterative solver algorithms to derive acceptable timepoints; and

enabling single step execution and debug breakpoints via interactive replay of a last iteration of said Newton-Raphson iteration solver at said breakpoints.

28. (new) A method for debugging analog and mixed signal behavioral models of circuit designs, said method comprising the steps of:

extending a simulator based on a transient analysis, time advancement algorithm, coupled with a Newton-Raphson non-linear ordinary differential equation iterative solver;

performing an interactive model behavior verification in which said transient analysis and iterative solver algorithms to derive acceptable timepoints; and

enabling single step execution and debug breakpoints via interactive replay of a last iteration of said Newton-Raphson iteration solver at said breakpoints.

29. (new) A computer usable medium containing instructions in computer readable form for carrying out a method for linear debugging analog and mixed signal behaviorial matters of circuit designs, said method comprising the steps of:

extending a simulator based on a transient analysis, time advancement algorithm coupled with a non ordinary differential equation iterative solver;

performing interactive model behavior verification in which said transient analysis and iterative solver algorithms are used to derive acceptable timepoints; and

enabling single step execution and debug breakpoints via interactive replay of a last iteration of said iterative solver said breakpoints

performing an interactive model behavior verification in which said transient analysis and iterative solver algorithms to derive acceptable timepoints; and

enabling single step execution and debug breakpoints via interactive replay of a last iteration of said Newton-Raphson iteration solver at said breakpoints.

30. (new) A computer usable medium containing instructions in computer readable form for carrying out a method for debugging analog and mixed signal behavioral models of circuit designs, said method comprising the steps of:

extending a simulator based on a transient analysis, time advancement algorithm, coupled with a Newton-Raphson non-linear ordinary differential equation iterative solver;

performing an interactive model behavior verification in which said transient analysis and iterative solver algorithms to derive acceptable timepoints; and

enabling single step execution and debug breakpoints via interactive replay of a last iteration of said Newton-Raphson iteration solver at said breakpoints.